



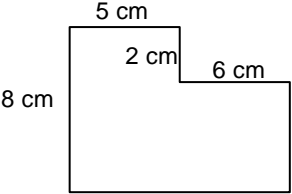
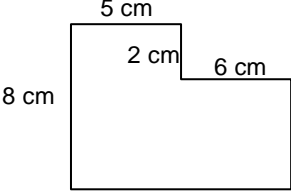
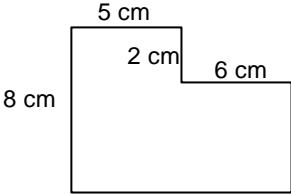
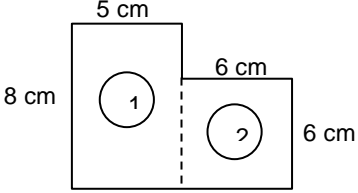


Area and Perimeter – Exemplar Solutions

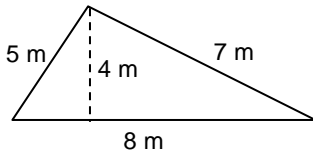
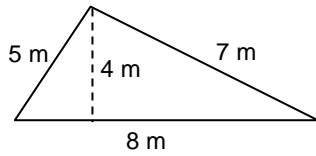
<p>Pages 3, 4</p> <p>Find the perimeter of this rectangle.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 100px;"> <p>First find the length of all sides.</p> </div> </div> <div style="margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Perimeter = sum of sides $= 11 + 6 + 11 + 6$ <u>Perimeter = 34 m</u></p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 100px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>There are 3 lines of setting out.</p> </div>	<p>Page 8</p> <p>Find the area of this rectangle.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Area = Length x Width $= 11 \times 6$ <u>Area = 66 m²</u></p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 100px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>There are 3 lines of setting out.</p> </div>
--	--

<p>Pages 2,3,4</p> <p>Find the perimeter of this polygon.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 100px;"> <p>First find the length of all sides.</p> </div> </div> <div style="margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Perimeter = sum of sides $= 5 + 2 + 6 + 6 + 11 + 8$ <u>Perimeter = 38 m</u></p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 100px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Don't split it into 2 rectangles.</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 100px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>There are 3 lines of setting out.</p> </div>	<p>Pages 8,9</p> <p>Find the area of this polygon.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 100px;"> <p>First split it into 2 rectangles and find the length and width of each.</p> </div> </div> <div style="margin-top: 10px;"> <p>$A_1 = L \times W$ $= 8 \times 5$ $= 40 \text{ m}^2$</p> <p>$A_2 = L \times W$ $= 6 \times 6$ $= 36 \text{ m}^2$</p> <p>$A = A_1 + A_2$ $= 40 + 36$ <u>$A = 76 \text{ m}^2$</u></p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 100px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>There are 3 lines of setting out for each rectangle, and 3 lines to add the areas together.</p> </div>
---	---

Area and Perimeter – Exemplar Solutions

Pages 9,10

Find the area of this triangle.



Decide which measurement is the perpendicular height.

$$\text{Area} = \text{Base} \times \text{Perp Height} \div 2$$

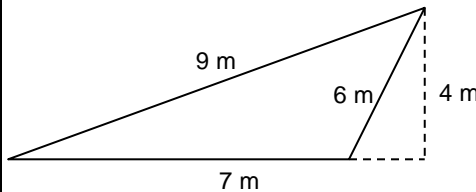
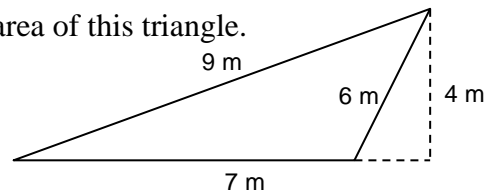
$$= 8 \times 4 \div 2$$

$$\underline{\text{Area}} = 16 \text{ m}^2$$

There are 3 lines of setting out.

Page 9,10

Find the area of this triangle.



Decide which measurement is the perpendicular height.

$$\text{Area} = \text{Base} \times \text{Perp Height} \div 2$$

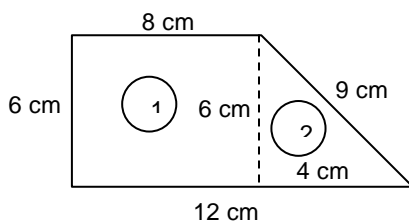
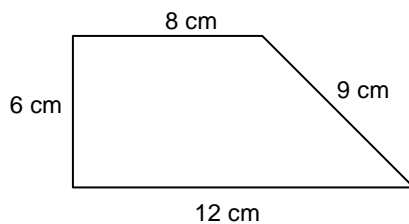
$$= 7 \times 4 \div 2$$

$$\underline{\text{Area}} = 14 \text{ m}^2$$

There are 3 lines of setting out.

Pages 11, 12

Find the area of this polygon.



First split it into 2 known shapes and find the dimensions of each.

$$A_1 = L \times W$$

$$= 8 \times 6$$

$$= 48 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_2 = B \times PH \div 2$$

$$= 4 \times 6 \div 2$$

$$= 12 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A = A_1 + A_2$$

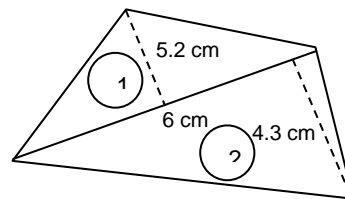
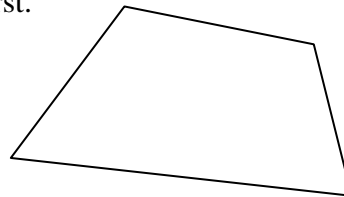
$$= 48 + 12$$

$$\underline{A} = 60 \text{ cm}^2$$

There are 3 lines of setting out for each shape, and 3 lines to add the areas together.

Page 13

Find the area of this polygon in cm^2 by measuring first.



Split it into 2 triangles. Draw in the perp height of each. Measure the base and perp height of each.

$$A_1 = B \times PH \div 2$$

$$= 6 \times 5.2 \div 2$$

$$= 31.2 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_2 = B \times PH \div 2$$

$$= 6 \times 4.3 \div 2$$

$$= 25.8 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A = A_1 + A_2$$

$$= 31.2 + 25.8$$

$$\underline{A} = 57 \text{ cm}^2$$

There are 3 lines of setting out for each shape, and 3 lines to add the areas together.